

# MA03 Proactive Information Retrieval by Adaptive Models of Users' Attention and Interests

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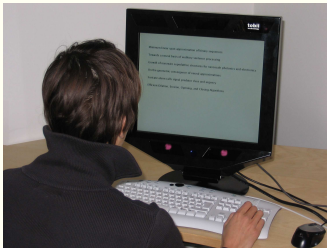
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## Abstract

Our goal is to develop machine learning methods for predicting user's interests primarily from implicit feedback. In a prototype application the preferences are learned implicitly from eye movements. Collaborative filtering is applied to generalize both over users and over documents. Multimodal user information is then combined with a probabilistic model. The ultimate goal is to develop a genuine autonomous assistant.

### 1A Implicit Feedback from Eye Movements

- Users were asked to read lists of titles.
- Eye movements of the users were recorded with an eye tracker.
- In the experimental setup the true relevances were given by the users.



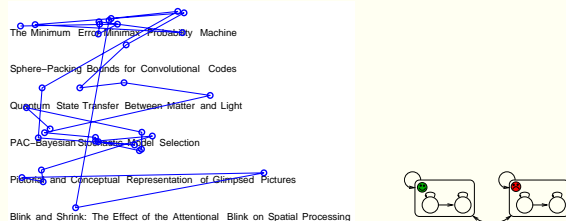
### 1B Gathering Explicit Relevance Information

- Users were asked to assess the relevance of titles.
- Task: Predict the missing relevance values.

Researchers	The minimum error minimax...	Sphere-packing bounds for co...	Quantum state transfer betw...	PAC-Bayesian stochastic m...	Pictorial and conceptual rep...	Blink and shrink the effect of th...
Samuel Kaski	?	☹	☺	?	☺	☺
Kai Puolamäki	☹	?	☹	☺	?	?
Jarkko Salojärvi	☺	☺	?	?	☹	?
Eerika Savia	☺	☹	☺	☺	?	?
Lauri Kovanen	☹	?	?	☺	?	☺

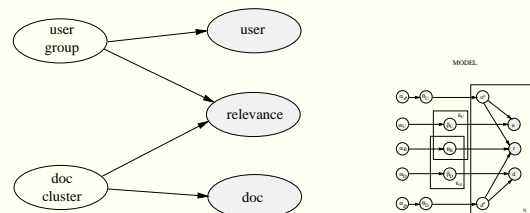
### 2A Relevance Prediction from Eye Movements

- Task: Predict the relevance of new titles from the eye movement data.
- A discriminative hidden Markov model was applied for prediction.



### 2B Collaborative Filtering for Relevance Prediction

- Probabilistic model that generates (user,document,relevance) triplets.
- Generalizes both over users and documents.
- Predicts users' subjective relevances for documents.

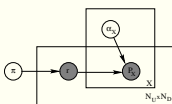


**Subtask:** What are the best features and models for predicting relevance?

- We organized a PASCAL NoE challenge on the subject during 2005.

### 3 Combining Predictions from Different Sources

- Finally, the different sources of relevance information were combined.
- A new discriminative method for combining probabilistic predictions.
- Modular approach: Other sources of information can be plugged in later.



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Kai Puolamäki	☹	☹	☹	☺	☺	☺
Jarkko Salojärvi	☺	☺	☺	☺	☹	☹
Eerika Savia	☺	☹	☺	☺	☹	☹
Lauri Kovanen	☹	☹	☹	☺	☺	☺

### References

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